



zalando









HETZINKI

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ABOUT ME



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WE BRING FASHION TO PEOPLE IN 17 COUNTRIES

17 markets

7 fulfillment centers

26.4 million active customers

5.4 billion € net sales 2018

250 million visits per month

15,000 employees in Europe

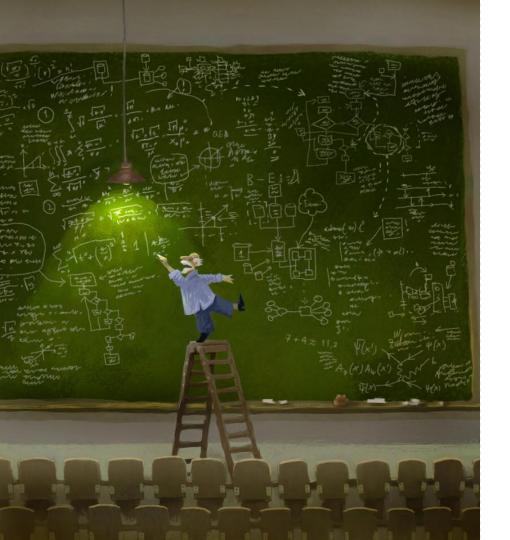


FACTS & FIGURES

> 300 databases on premise

> 1000 clusters in the Cloud (AWS)





AGENDA

About the old setup

Choosing your cloud options

Retain access & make it secure

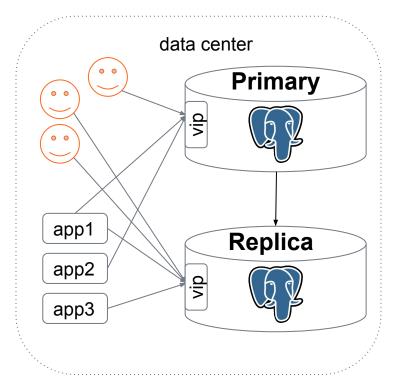
Data migration & switchover

Backup & recovery

Conclusions



The old setup



- Provisioned in 2015
- DELL PowerEdge R730xd
- 2 * Intel Xeon E5-2667v3 (16 cores)
- 256 GB RAM
- 14 * 1.5 TB SSD in raid10 (10.5 TB)
- Network: 2 * 10 GBit/s
- PostgreSQL 9.6



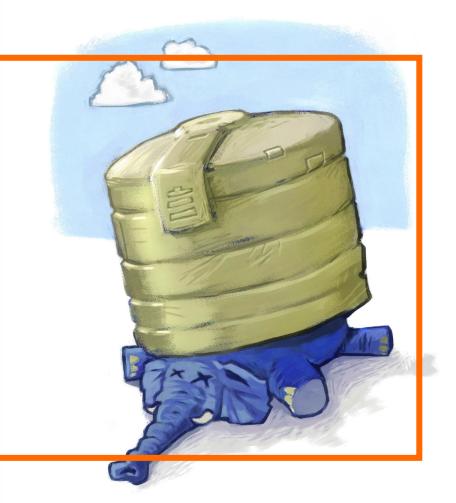
Under the hood



- 3000 tables
 - two tables per event
 - Hot data (last 10 days)
 - Archived data
 - No primary/unique keys!
- About 100 millions inserts/day
- Size (before the migration): 10 TB
- Avg growth 2 TB per year

Free space: 500 GB

Upgrade or migrate?



Migrate it!

- Minimize costs (cloud isn't cheap)
- How to switch back to the data center if something goes wrong?
- How to retain access through the old connection url?
- Make it secure
- Minimal downtime



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Candidates

- Amazon Aurora
- DIY
 - o i3 instances
 - EBS backed instances
 - **■** gp2
 - io1



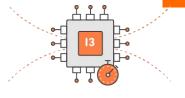


PROS CONS

- AWS promise decent performance
- Storage auto-scaling
 - All instances are sharing the same storage!
- Price for storage is the same as for gp2 EBS, \$0.119/GB-month

- \$0.22 per 1 million I/O requests.
- plproxy extension is not available





i3 instances

PROS

CONS

- Local NVMe volumes:
 - low latency
 - high bandwidth and throughput
- Low storage price
- 488 GB RAM

- Ephemeral volumes
 - Minimum 3 instances for HA
- The biggest instance has "only" 15TB





EBS backed instances (m4/r4)

PROS CONS

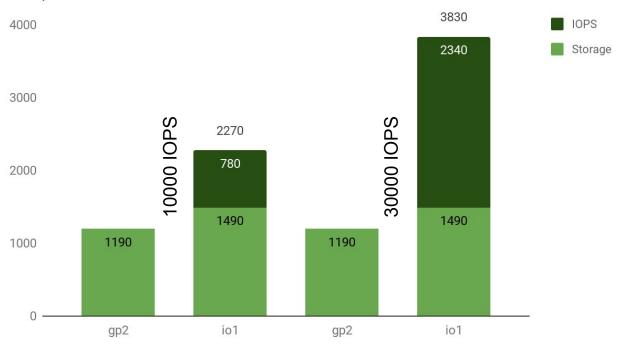
- Data on EBS survives instance restart
- Easy to scale up or down
- Makes it possible to run only two instances

- I/O latencies
- Limited IOPS and bandwidth per volume:
 - gp2: 160 MB/s, 10000 IOPS
 - io1: 500 MB/s, 32000 IOPS
- Price per GB (comparing with i3)





EBS, USD for 10 TB





Do benchmarks

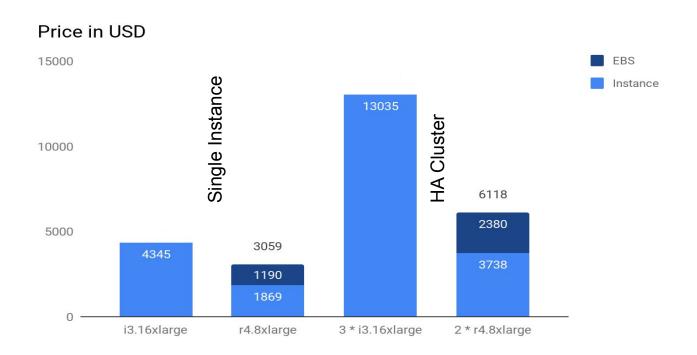
 Cloud makes it very easy to conduct experiments

- Apply the load similar to production
 - Ideally, replicate production workload

Use Spot instances to make it cheaper



It's all about the money (and risks)





The cloud setup

- r4.8xlarge
 - 32 vCPU cores
 - 244 GB RAM
 - o 37500 IOPS
 - o 875 MB/s
- 20 TB EBS gp2
 - o 6 * 3333 GB, raid 0





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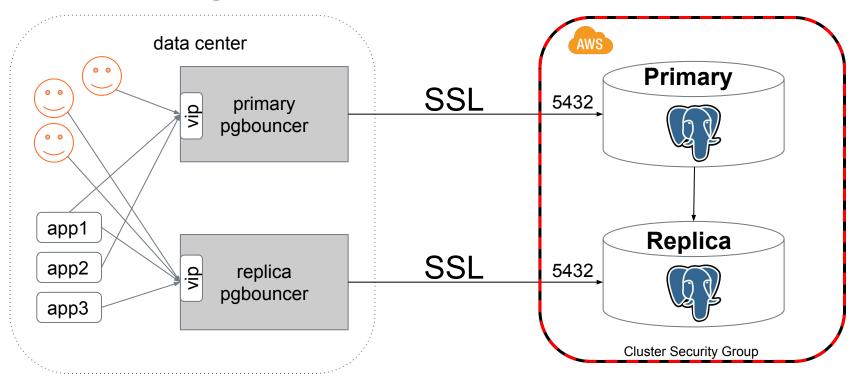
Backup & recovery

Conclusions

How to retain access via old conn_url?

- Possible options:
 - o DNS
 - "Proxy" (iptables/HAProxy/pgbouncer)
- Think about security:
 - Internet traffic MUST be encrypted!
 - Some of the legacy applications are not using SSL
 - Nobody wants to fix legacy code :(
 - How to protect from Man-in-the-Middle attack?

Pgbouncer to the rescue





Make it secure

- Setup CA
- Generate server and client keys
- Sign server and client certs with the CA private key
- Postgres must validate the client certificate from pgbouncer
- Pgbouncer must validate the Postgres server certificate

Postgres configuration

0

- postgresql.conf
 - ssl_cert_file = 'server.crt'
 - o ssl_key_file = 'server.key'
 - ssl_ca_file = 'ca.crt'

data center public ip

- pg_hba.conf
 - hostssl all all A.B.C.D/32 md5 clientcert=1
 - hostnossl all all A.B.C.D/32 reject

Pgbouncer configuration

- Configure pgbouncer (in the data center)
 - o pool_mode = session
 - auth_file = users.conf
 - auth_query = "SELECT * FROM pgbouncer.user_lookup(\$1)"
 - server_tls_sslmode = verify-ca
 - server_tls_ca_file = ca.crt
 - server_tls_cert_file = client.crt
 - o server_tls_key_file = client.key



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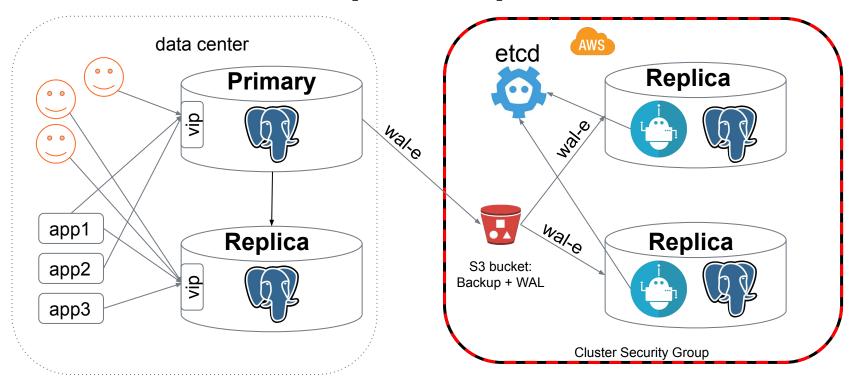
Conclusions

Possible options

- pg_basebackup + physical replication
 - o via VPN?
 - o via SSH tunnel?

- S3 compatible backup tool
 - WAL-E
 - pgBackRest
 - WAL-G

Keep it Simple



Migration statistics

• "wal-e backup-push" in the DC: 12 hours

"wal-e backup-fetch" on AWS:9 hours

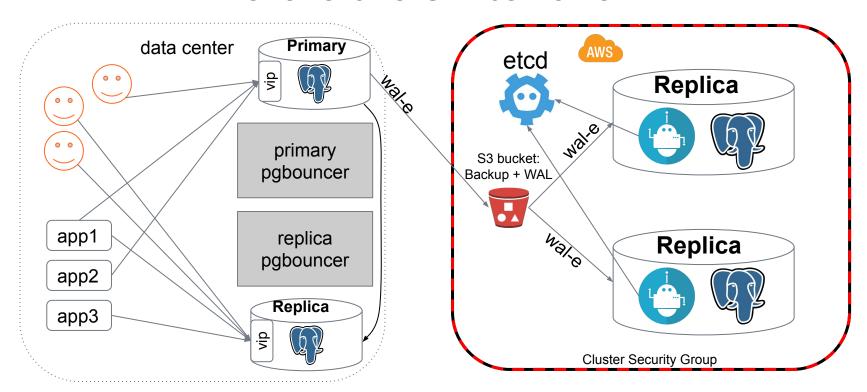
Replay accumulated WAL:
4 hours

replication lag in such setup is usually about a few seconds and determined by amount of write activity on the primary.

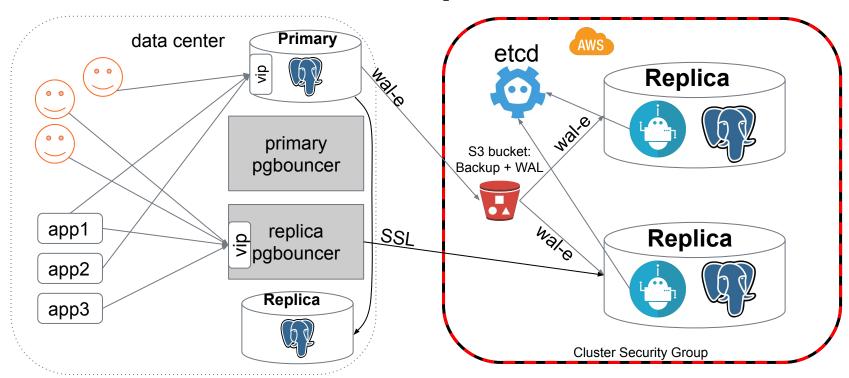
Switchover plan

- 1. Shutdown the main application writing into DB
- 2. Move the replica **virtual ip** to the pgbouncer host
- 3. Shutdown the replica in the data center
- 4. Move the primary **virtual IP** to the pgbouncer host
- 5. Shutdown the primary in the data center
- 6. Promote replica in the Cloud
- 7. Start the main application
- 8. Start replicas in the data center with the new recovery.conf

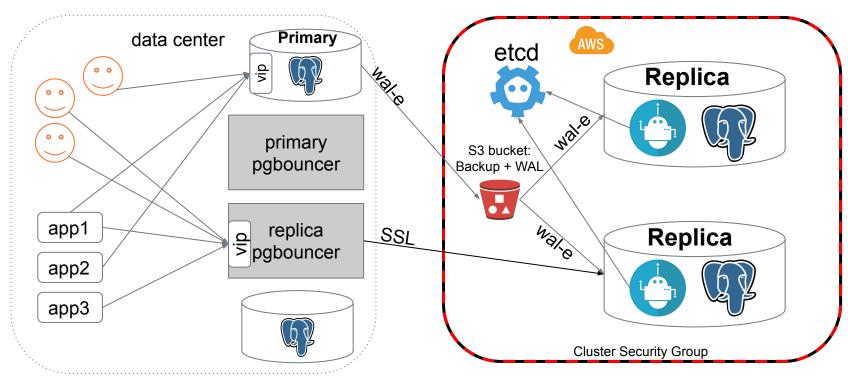
Before the switchover



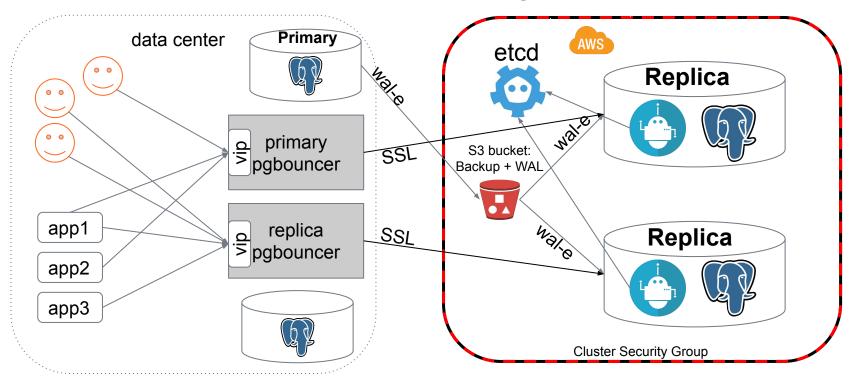
Move the replica VIP



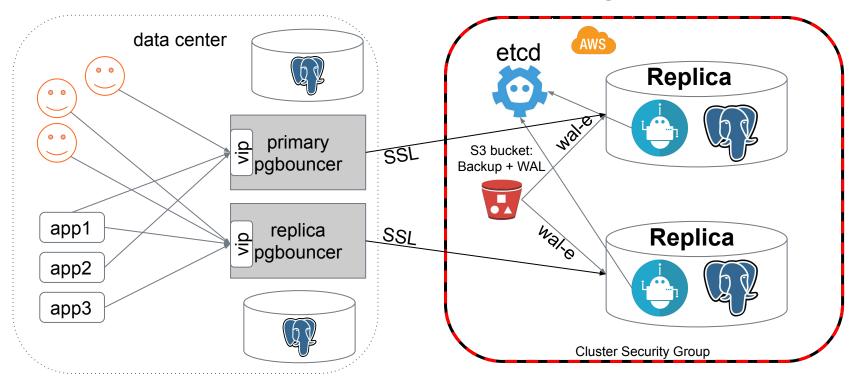
Shutdown the replica



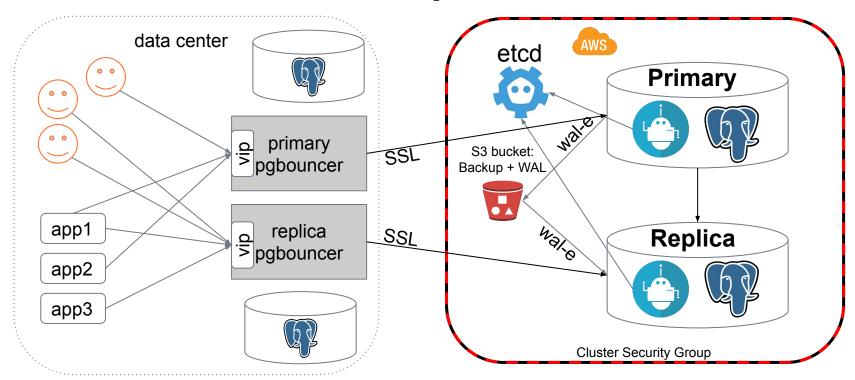
Move the primary VIP



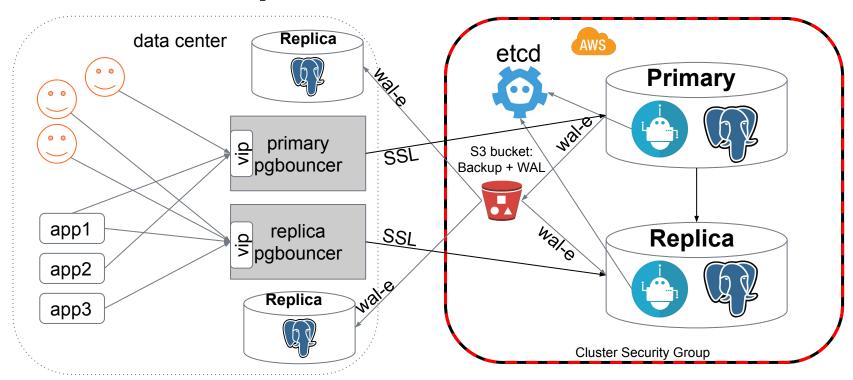
Shutdown the primary



Promote the replica on AWS



Start replicas in the data center







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S3 compatible backup tools

- WAL-E is our primary backup tool in the cloud
 - is too slow on big volumes of data :(
 - can't take basebackup from the replica :(

pgBackRest

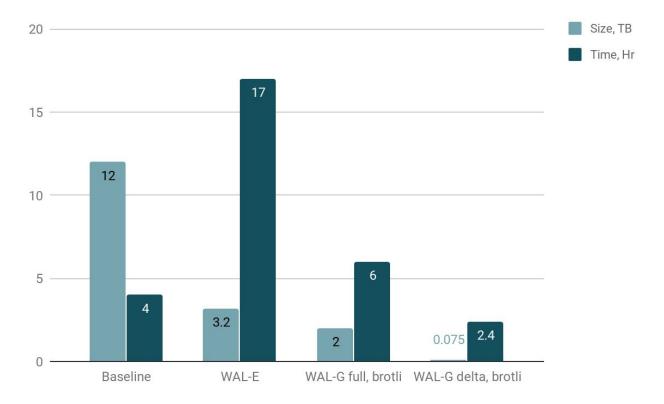
- incremental & differential backups
- can't use AWS instance profile credentials :(

WAL-G

- delta backups
- configurable compression methods: Iz4, Izma, zstd, brotli
- backward compatible with WAL-E



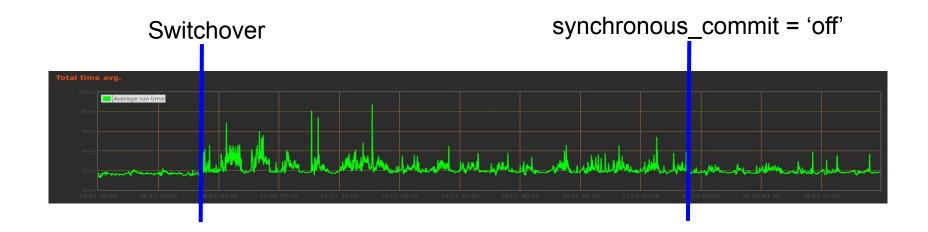
WAL-E vs WAL-G on r4.8xlarge





After the migration

Keep an eye on monitoring!!!



Links

- Patroni: https://github.com/zalando/patroni
- WAL-E: https://github.com/wal-e/wal-e/
- WAL-G: https://github.com/wal-g/wal-g/
- pgBackRest: https://pgbackrest.org/
- pgbouncer: https://pgbouncer.github.io/
- Easy Amazon EC2 Instance Comparison: <u>EC2instances.info</u>

Thank you!

